Augmented multipoles: classification of order parameter and crosscorrelated phenomena

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Abstract:

The interplay between electronic degrees of freedom, such as a charge, spin, and orbital in solids, has drawn the attention of researchers in various fields of condensed matter physics. The concept of multipoles has been developed to describe unconventional parity-breaking and spin-orbital entangled states [1]. According to spatial inversion and time-reversal symmetry, four types of multipoles, electric, magnetic, magnetic toroidal, and electric toroidal, are defined, which constitute a complete basis set [2]. The advantage of using these multipole bases is the systematic classification of complex electronic order parameters under crystallographic (magnetic) point groups, which provides possible cross-correlated responses and transports [3,4,5].

In this talk, we discuss the following topics of the application of augmented multipoles. (a) Microscopic mechanism for intrinsic nonlinear anomalous Hall effect under odd-parity magnetic orderings [6]. (b) Characteristic responses induced under ferroaxial ordering [7]. (c) Classification of the pairing state in the superconducting state [8].

References:

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